

## **Part 3 – Scrutiny Procedure Rules**

### **1. Meetings of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees**

- 1.1 There shall be up to six ordinary meetings of each of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees each year.
- 1.2 Subject to Rule 1.4 below, the time and place of meetings shall be as set out in the Calendar of Meetings approved by the Council annually although the Chair and Monitoring Officer or a Committee by resolution, may determine that an ordinary meeting shall be held at such other place as they consider appropriate. The Chair and/or Monitoring Officer may determine, having regard to special circumstances, that a particular ordinary meeting be held at such other time as they consider appropriate.
- 1.3 The Chair (or in his/her absence, the Vice Chair) may cancel or postpone an ordinary meeting prior to the issue of an Agenda for the meeting where, after consultation with the Monitoring Officer, the Chair (or in his/her absence, the Vice Chair) considers that there is insufficient business to transact or where an event occurs which the Chair (or in his/her absence, the Vice Chair) considers would make it inappropriate to hold the meeting on the intended date. If circumstances make it impossible for a meeting to be held as convened, the Chair (or in his/her absence, the Vice Chair), after consultation with the Monitoring Officer may postpone an ordinary meeting and hold the meeting on a date to be agreed.
- 1.4 The Chair, or in the Chair's absence the Vice-Chair, may from time to time agree to cancel meetings if there is insufficient business to transact at that time.
- 1.5 In addition, an extraordinary meeting of an Overview and Scrutiny Committee may be called by either:
  - (a) The Chair of the relevant Committee, or in the Chair's absence the Vice-Chair
  - (b) A quorum of the Members of the Committee; or
  - (c) The Monitoring Officer if he/she considers it necessary or appropriate.
- 1.6 Meetings may be held in a location suited to the topic under consideration, at the discretion of the Committee Chair, or in the Chair's absence, the Vice-Chair.

### **2. Work Programme**

- 2.1 Each Overview and Scrutiny Committee shall be responsible for setting its own work programme, taking into account the wishes and preferences of the Members of that Committee, including Members who are not members of the largest political group on the Council or of any political group.
- 2.2 Each Overview and Scrutiny Committee may receive requests from the Cabinet and suggestions from Officers of the Council and co-optees for particular topics to be scrutinised.

### **3. Agenda Items**

- 3.1 Any Member of the Council may, with 7 working days' notice, request the Monitoring Officer to include an item on the agenda of a relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee. Upon receipt of such a request the Monitoring Officer shall ensure that the item is included on the next available agenda for consideration by the relevant Committee, and advise the Chair accordingly.
- 3.2 There will be a standing item on the agenda of all ordinary meetings of Overview and Scrutiny Committees to allow such requests to be considered.
- 3.3 Any Member who submits a request will have the right to attend the meeting at which the item is to be considered, to explain the reasons for the request and to have the item discussed. The Committee will decide either:
- (a) If the matter is a simple one, to resolve it forthwith
  - (b) To request Officers to prepare a report for the next convenient meeting
  - (c) To set up a task and finish group to investigate and report back to the Committee
  - (d) To make recommendations to the Cabinet or Council, as appropriate
  - (e) To decide to take no further action upon the request, for stated reasons.
- 3.4 The Overview and Scrutiny Committees shall also respond, as soon as their work programme permits, to requests from the Council and, if they consider it appropriate, the Cabinet, to review particular areas of Council activity. Where they do so, the Overview and Scrutiny Committees shall report their findings and any recommendations back to the Cabinet or Council, as appropriate. The Council and/or the Cabinet shall consider and respond to a report of an Overview and Scrutiny Committee within two months of receiving it unless otherwise agreed by the Chair of the relevant Committee.

#### **Reports of Cabinet Portfolio Holders**

- 3.5 Once during the municipal year, the Cabinet Portfolio Holder may be requested to report to the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee on the progress or otherwise of their respective roles and responsibilities as follows:
- (a) Each Portfolio Holder will submit written reports to one meeting of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee per year, which should be circulated with the main agenda for the meeting.
  - (b) The time allowed to introduce the report and receive questions on each report shall, unless otherwise agreed by the Committee, not exceed 30 minutes, during which time the Cabinet Member will have up to 5 minutes to introduce the report, all Members will be able to seek to make contributions and ask questions on the report, after which the Portfolio Holder will have up to 2 minutes to sum-up.

## **4. Policy Review and Development**

- 4.1 The role of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees in relation to the development of the Council's Budget and Policy Framework is set out in detail in the Budget and Policy Framework Procedure Rules set out in Chapter 3 Part 3.
- 4.2 In relation to the development of the Council's approach to other matters not forming part of its Budget and Policy Framework Budget, an Overview and Scrutiny Committee may:
- (a) Consider and make recommendations to the Cabinet on any matters that are consistent with its terms of reference
  - (b) Hold enquiries and investigate the available options for future direction in policy development and appoint advisers and assessors to assist in this process, within available Budgets
  - (c) Do anything which is reasonable to assist or inform its deliberations, including a general call for evidence, site visits, public surveys, public meetings and commissioning research
  - (d) Ask witnesses to attend to address it on any matter under consideration and pay to any advisers, assessors or witnesses a reasonable fee and expenses for doing so.
- 4.3 The Overview and Scrutiny Committees may also exercise the above tasks through Task and Finish groups.

## **5. Procedure at Overview and Scrutiny Committee Meetings**

- 5.1 Overview and scrutiny Committees shall consider the following business:
- (a) Minutes of the last meeting
  - (b) Receipt of urgent business
  - (c) Declarations of interest (including whipping declarations)
  - (d) The receipt of petitions from members of the public (in accordance with the Public Participation Procedure as set out later in this Chapter.)
  - (e) Public questions, statements or deputations (in accordance with the Public Participation in Scrutiny Procedure as set out in later in this Chapter in Rule 14)
  - (f) Consideration of any matter referred to the Committee by a Member under Rules 3.1 or 3.2 above
  - (g) Responses of the Council or the Cabinet to the Committee's reports or recommendations
  - (h) Any other business specified in the agenda for the meeting, and
  - (i) The Forward Plan and its work programme.

- 5.2 The provisions of the Committee Procedure Rules set out in Chapter 5 will be applied to meetings of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees to the extent they are considered appropriate.
- 5.3 Where the Overview and Scrutiny Committee conducts investigations (for example, with a view to policy development), the Committee may also ask people to attend to give evidence at Committee meetings, which are to be conducted in accordance with the following principles:
- (a) that the investigation is conducted fairly and all Members of the Committee be given the opportunity to ask questions of attendees, and to contribute and speak
  - (b) that those assisting the Committee by giving evidence be treated with respect and courtesy
  - (c) that the investigation be conducted so as to maximise the efficiency of the investigation or analysis
- 5.4 Within those principles the Council expects the Overview and Scrutiny Committees to be effective, thorough and incisive and to consider all relevant evidence in their work. It also expects the Committees to strive for continuous improvement in the overview and scrutiny function and to develop further opportunities for public engagement.
- 5.5 Following any investigation or review, the Committee shall prepare a report for submission to the Cabinet and/or Council as appropriate and shall make its report and findings public subject to the Access to Information Rules and provisions relating to confidential and exempt reports or information, and any prohibition, limitation or restriction on disclosure arising from statute, any rule of law, or order of a court.
- 5.6 The Protocol for Member/Officer Relations contained in Chapter 7 of the Constitution shall apply to the attendance of Officers giving evidence to an Overview and Scrutiny Committee or sub-Committee.

## **6. Reports from Overview and Scrutiny Committees**

- 6.1 An Overview and Scrutiny Committee may prepare a formal report, with recommendations, and submit it to the Monitoring Officer with a notice requiring it to be considered by the Cabinet or the Council as appropriate, depending on which body is responsible for the function concerned and whether the proposals are consistent with the Council's Budget and Policy Framework. Where a report is to be made to the Council, the Monitoring Officer shall refer a copy to the Leader with notice that the matter is to be referred to the Council.
- 6.2 If an Overview and Scrutiny Committee cannot agree on one single final report to the Cabinet or Council as appropriate, then one or more minority reports may be prepared and submitted for consideration by the Cabinet or Council at the same time as the majority report. Officers shall support the preparation of any such minority reports.
- 6.3 The Cabinet or Council as appropriate, in compliance with its legal duty to comply with any notice given by an Overview and Scrutiny Committee under Rule 6.1 above, shall:

- (a) consider the report and recommendations of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee at its next available meeting
- (b) respond to any such report within two months of its receipt indicating what action, if any, the authority or the Cabinet proposes to take, and if it decides to take no action, the reasons for that decision

6.4 The agenda for Cabinet meetings shall include a standard item entitled 'Overview and Scrutiny Committee Matters' to facilitate the Cabinet's early consideration of scrutiny reports and recommendations, which shall be included at this point on the agenda unless they have been reported as part of a substantive item elsewhere on the agenda.

6.5 Reports and recommendations of Overview and Scrutiny Committees will normally be presented at Cabinet and Council meetings by the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee Chair or Vice-Chair, or by another non-executive Member nominated by that Committee. The Member concerned will be invited to participate in discussion of the report.

#### **Reports on Local Improvement Targets**

6.6 Where the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee or any other Overview and Scrutiny Committee makes a report or recommendations on a local improvement target specified in the Local Area Agreement that relates to a relevant partner authority, it may by written notice require the relevant partner authority to have regard to the report or recommendation in question in exercising its functions. This power will be exercised in accordance with such government regulations and statutory guidance as may be issued under section 21C of the Local Government Act 2000 (inserted by section 122 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007).

#### **Reports on Local Crime and Disorder Matters**

6.7 Where the Cleaner Greener and Safer Overview and Scrutiny Committee makes a report or recommendations on a local crime and disorder matter within its terms of reference, it will copy the report to the responsible authorities, notifying them of their duty under section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (as amended by section 126 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007) (a) to consider the report or recommendations; (b) to respond to the Committee in writing within 28 days indicating what (if any) action it proposes to take; and (c) to have regard to the report or recommendations in exercising its functions. This power will be exercised in accordance with the Crime and Disorder (Overview and Scrutiny) Regulations 2009. The matters considered by the Committee will be crime and disorder matters to the extent that they fall within the Council's crime and disorder strategy.

#### **Reports on Local Health Service Matters**

6.8 Where the Health and Wellbeing Overview and Scrutiny Committee makes a report or recommendations on a local health service matter, it will copy the report to the relevant NHS bodies and request a response in writing within two calendar months.

6.9 Where the Committee (including any joint health Overview and Scrutiny Committee to which the Committee has appointed one or more Members) has been consulted by a local NHS body on any proposal for a substantial variation or development in local NHS

services, and the Committee (having considered the evidence) is not satisfied that consultation has been adequate, or considers that the proposal would not be in the interests of the health service in the area, then it may report in writing to the Secretary of State, under section 244, NHS Act 2006.

## **7. Rights of Overview and Scrutiny Committee Members to Documents**

- 7.1 Overview and Scrutiny Committees will have access to the Forward Plan of key decisions of the Cabinet and timetable for decisions and intentions for consultation.
- 7.2 In addition to their rights as Councillors, Members of Overview and Scrutiny Committees have the additional right to documents, and to notice of meetings as set out in the Access to Information Procedure Rules set out in Chapter 8 of the Constitution.
- 7.3 Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent more detailed liaison between the Cabinet and Overview and Scrutiny Committees as appropriate depending on the particular matter under consideration.

## **8. Members and Officers giving Account**

- 8.1 An Overview and Scrutiny Committee (or Task and Finish group) may scrutinise and review decisions made or actions taken in connection with the discharge of any Council function or other matter that is within its terms of reference. As well as reviewing documentation an Overview and Scrutiny Committee (including any task group) may, in fulfilling the scrutiny role, require any Member of the Cabinet, the Chief Executive and/or any Director to attend before it to explain, in relation to matters within their remit:
- (a) Any particular decision or series of decisions
  - (b) The extent to which the actions taken implement Council policy
  - (c) The performance of their areas of responsibility
- 8.2 An Overview and Scrutiny Committee may also require any Council Member who has been granted local ward Member powers (for instance a delegated Budget) under section 236 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 to attend before it to answer questions on any function which the Member has power to exercise.
- 8.3 It is the duty of those persons described in Rules 8.1 and 8.2 above to attend if so required.
- 8.4 Where any Cabinet Member, Ward Member or Officer is required to attend an Overview and Scrutiny Committee or a task group under this provision, Democratic Services staff will inform that Member or Officer in writing, giving at least 5 working days' notice of a meeting of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee meeting at which he/she is required to attend. The notice will state the nature of the item on which he/she is required to attend to give account and whether any papers are required to be produced for the Committee.
- 8.5 Where the account to be given to the Committee will require the production of a report, then the Member or Officer concerned will be given at least 14 working days' notice to allow for preparation of that documentation.

- 8.6 Where, in exceptional circumstances, the Member or Officer is unable to attend on the required date, then a substitute may be asked to attend or the Overview and Scrutiny Committee may, in consultation with the Member or Officer, arrange an alternative date for attendance, which shall be no later than the next scheduled meeting.

## **9. Attendance by others**

- 9.1 An Overview and Scrutiny Committee may invite people other than those people referred to above to address it, discuss issues of local concern and/or answer questions. It may wish to hear for example from residents, representatives from the local NHS Trust, stakeholders, Members and Officers in other parts of the public sector, or experts, and may invite such people to attend.
- 9.2 Public participation in meetings of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees shall be governed by the provisions set out later in this chapter.
- 9.3 Any Member of the Council shall be entitled to attend meetings of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees and to speak once on any agenda item, with further speaking being at the discretion of the Chair.
- 9.4 Rule 9.3 above is subject to the Rules on non-pecuniary, pecuniary and disclosable pecuniary interests in the Members' Code of Conduct set out in Chapter 7, Part 2 of the Constitution; which would permit a Member with a non-pecuniary or non-disclosable pecuniary interest or disclosable pecuniary interest to attend an Overview and Scrutiny Committee meeting but only for the purpose of answering questions or giving evidence at the request of the Committee relating to the business under discussion; the Member must then withdraw from the meeting. If the Member wishes to make representations to the Committee, he/she may do so after being granted a dispensation
- 9.5 Rule 9.4 above does not prevent an Overview and Scrutiny Committee from requiring Cabinet Members or inviting other persons (including Council Members) to attend before it to answer questions.

## **10. Call-in**

- 10.1 Call-in is the exercise of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees' statutory power in section 21(3) of the Local Government Act 2000 to review an Executive / Cabinet decision that has been made but not yet implemented. Where a decision is called in and the Overview and Scrutiny Committee decides to refer it back to the Cabinet for reconsideration, it cannot be implemented until the Call-In procedure is complete.
- 10.2 Any decision of the Executive / Cabinet, an individual Member of the Cabinet or a Committee of the Cabinet, or a Key Decision made by an Officer under authority delegated by the Cabinet, is subject to Call-In. A decision may be called in only once. An Executive / Cabinet recommendation to full Council may not be called in.
- 10.3 The Call-In procedure and the powers to refer a decision back for reconsideration may be exercised by any of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees, within the remit of their respective terms of reference.

- 10.4 Requests for Call-In can only be made if there is evidence that the decision-maker did not take the decision in accordance with the principles of decision-making as set out in the Constitution (Article 13, paragraph 2.1) and repeated as follows:
- (a) Due regard for the individuals and communities served by Thurrock Borough Council
  - (b) Proportionality – that is, the action must be proportionate to the desired outcome
  - (c) Due consultation
  - (d) Respect for human rights
  - (e) A presumption in favour of openness, and
  - (f) Clarity of aims and desired outcomes – that is, link between strategy and implementation
  - (g) Consistent with the Council's Budget and Policy Framework

- 10.5 Call-in of decisions which may be contrary to the Budget and Policy Framework shall be governed by the provisions of the Budget and Policy Framework Procedure Rules in Chapter 3 Part 3 of the Constitution.

### **The Call-In Procedure**

- 10.6 Once made, an Executive decision shall be published, in the form of a decisions notice, within two working days at the Council's main offices and on its public website. The decisions notice will be sent to all Members of the Council within the same timescale.
- 10.7 The decisions notice will bear the date on which it is published and will specify that the decision will be effective on the expiry of 5 working days after the publication of the decision and may then be implemented, unless called in under this provision within that 5 clear working day period. The deadline for a Call-In request will be specified in the decisions digest.
- 10.8 Requests for Call-In may be made by either:
- (a) An individual Member where a decision has particular significance for that Member's ward
  - (b) The Chair of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee
  - (c) Any two Members of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee
  - (d) Any three non-executive Members of the Council
  - (e) A voluntary group with an interest in the area
  - (f) A local business situated in the area (except in relation to decisions relating to procurement of goods and services)



- (g) 10 members of the public living, working or studying within Thurrock Council area

10.9 A Call-In request must be in the form of a written notice submitted to the Monitoring Officer and received before the published deadline. Either one notice containing all required signatures or separate emails from the persons making the Call-In request will be acceptable.

10.10 The notice must set out:

- (a) the resolution or resolutions that the Member(s) wish to call-in
- (b) the reasons why they wish the Overview and Scrutiny Committee to consider referring it back to the Cabinet, citing one or more of the reasons set out in Rule 10.4 above and the particulars of the reason/s, and
- (c) the alternative course of action or recommendations that they wish to propose

10.11 The Call-In request will be deemed valid unless either:

- (a) The procedures set out in Rules 10.7 to 10.10 have not been properly followed
- (b) The grounds for call-in as set out in Rule 10.4 above have not been met
- (c) A similar decision has been called in to the Committee previously within 2 years
- (d) The decision has been recorded as urgent in accordance with Rules 10.14 to 10.17 below
- (e) The Chief Executive after consultation with the Chair of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee, considers the Call-In to be frivolous, vexatious or not a proper use of the Call-In provisions taking into account the following factors:
  - (i) Whether the matter has been considered as part of pre-decision scrutiny by any scrutiny Committee, Sub-Committee, task group or panel.
  - (ii) Whether there has been any substantive change in the nature of the decisions being made since any pre-decision scrutiny of the proposals.
  - (iii) Whether the recommendations or alternative course of action or recommendations in the Call-In request have been previously considered and rejected in whole or part as part of pre-decision scrutiny.
  - (iv) Any other relevant factor
- (f) The Chief Executive in consultation with the Monitoring Officer considers that the Call-In would result in the Council failing to discharge its legal duties

- 10.12 Before deciding on its validity, the Chief Executive may seek clarification of the Call-In request from the Member(s) concerned. In the absence of the Chief Executive, the Monitoring Officer shall exercise the Chief Executive's functions in this respect.
- 10.13 Upon deciding on its validity, the Chief Executive shall forthwith notify the Member(s) concerned, the Leader and Portfolio Holder, the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee, the relevant Director/Assistant Director and Officer responsible for overview and scrutiny.

#### **Decisions not subject to Call-In**

- 10.14 The following categories of decision are not subject to Call-In:
- (a) recommendations by the Cabinet on the Budget and Policy Framework, which will be determined by the Council
  - (b) decisions for urgent implementation under the Access to Information Procedure Rules
  - (c) urgent decisions outside the Budget or Policy Framework as set out in Chapter 3, Part 3, Budget and Policy Framework Procedure Rules (Rule 4)
  - (d) decisions to award a contract following a lawful procurement process

#### **Call-In and Urgency**

- 10.15 The Call-In procedure set out above shall not apply where the decision being taken is urgent. A decision is urgent if:
- (a) A Call-In would prevent the Council reaching a decision that is required by statute or otherwise within a specified timescale
  - (b) Any delay likely to be caused by the Call-In process would seriously prejudice the Council's or the public's interests and the reasons for urgency are reported to the decision-making body or person before the decision is taken
  - (c) Any delay likely to be caused by the Call-In process would be likely to expose the Council, its Members or its constituents to significant level of risk, loss, damage or significant disadvantage
- 10.16 In the case of (b) above the decisions digest shall state whether the decision is an urgent one, and therefore not subject to Call-In. The consent of the Chair of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee is required to agree to the decision being treated as a matter of urgency before it may be so treated. In the absence of the Chair, the Vice-Chair of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee's consent is required. In the absence of that person, the Mayor's consent is required. In the absence of the Mayor, the Deputy Mayor of the Council's consent is required.
- 10.17 Where the Cabinet has recorded a decision as urgent, an Overview and Scrutiny Committee may retrospectively review actions arising from that decision but cannot delay its implementation.

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### **Consideration by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee**

- 10.18 The Monitoring Officer will ensure that any valid Call-In is reported to the next available meeting of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee, or will convene an extraordinary meeting in accordance with Rule 1.5 above.
- 10.19 The Member(s) submitting the request for Call-In will be expected to attend the meeting of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee to explain their reasons for the Call-In and the alternative course of action or recommendations they wish to propose.
- 10.20 Having considered the Call-In and the reasons given, the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee may either:
- (a) Refer it back to the decision-making person or body for reconsideration, normally in time for its next scheduled meeting, setting out in writing the nature of its concerns and any alternative recommendations
  - (b) If it considers that the decision is outside the Council's Budget and Policy Framework, refer the matter to full Council after seeking the advice of the Monitoring Officer and/or Chief Finance Officer in accordance with Rule 4 of the Budget and Policy Framework Procedure Rules in Chapter 3, Part 3 of the Constitution
  - (c) Decide to take no further action, in which case the original Cabinet decision will be effective immediately.

### **Decisions Referred Back to the Decision-Maker**

- 10.21 If a decision is referred back to the original decision-maker, that person or body shall then reconsider the matter, taking into account any concerns and recommendations of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee, and make a final decision, amending the decision or not, and give reasons for the decision.
- 10.22 If a decision relates to an Executive function, only the Cabinet can ultimately decide the matter, provided that it is in accordance with the Council's Budget and Policy Framework.

## **11. Councillor Call for Action**

- 11.1 Any Member of the Council may, with 7 working days' notice, request the Monitoring Officer to include a Councillor Call for Action on the agenda of a relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee. Upon receipt of such a Call for Action the Monitoring Officer shall ensure that the item is included on the next available agenda for consideration by the relevant Committee, and advise the Chair accordingly.
- 11.2 A Councillor Call for Action must be in the form of a written application (the appropriate form is available from the Democratic Services Manager) submitted to the Monitoring Officer and received within the timescale outlined in Rule 11.1 above.
- 11.3 Any Member who submits a Call for Action will have the right to attend the meeting at which the item is to be considered, to explain the reasons for the Call for Action and to have the item discussed. The Committee will decide either:

- (a) If the matter is a simple one, to resolve it forthwith
- (b) To request the Officers to prepare a report for the next meeting
- (c) To request the Member submitting the Call for Action to provide further evidence or information to a future meeting
- (d) To set up a task and finish group to investigate and report back to the Committee
- (e) To make recommendations to the Cabinet or Council, as appropriate
- (f) To decide to take no further action upon the request, for stated reasons

11.4 The Councillor Call for Action will be deemed valid unless either:

- (a) The procedures set out in Rules 11.1 and 11.2 have not been properly followed
- (b) It does not relate to a local government matter (that is, it does not relate to the functions of the Council nor its partners)
- (c) It does not relate to a local crime and disorder matter (including anti-social behaviour, behaviour adversely affecting the local environment and misuse of drugs, alcohol or other substances)
- (d) It does not affect all or part of the ward for which the referring Member is elected, or any person who lives or works in that ward
- (e) It is a matter that has been excluded by Order of the Secretary of State – for example, planning or licensing appeals and other quasi-judicial matters – or
- (f) The Monitoring Officer, in consultation with the Chair of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee, considers the Call for Action to be frivolous, vexatious or clearly outside the Councillor Call for Action provisions; in which case the Monitoring Officer may reject the Call for Action request.

11.5 Before deciding on its validity, the Monitoring Officer may seek clarification of the Call for Action from the Member concerned. In the absence of the Monitoring Officer, the Deputy Monitoring Officer(s) shall exercise the Monitoring Officer's functions in this respect.

11.6 Upon deciding on its validity, the Monitoring Officer shall forthwith notify the Member concerned, the Leader and Portfolio Holder, the Chair and Vice-Chair of the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee, the Chief Executive, the relevant Director/Assistant Director and Officer responsible for overview and scrutiny.

## **12. The Party Whip**

12.1 When considering any matter in respect of which a Member of an Overview and Scrutiny Committee is subject to a party whip the Member must declare the existence and nature of the whip before the Committee's deliberations on the matter commence.

12.2 The declaration and the detail of the whipping arrangements shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

### **13. Matters within the remit of more than one Overview and Scrutiny Committee**

- 13.1 Where a matter falls within the remit of more than one Overview and Scrutiny Committee, and their respective remits in relation to it cannot be satisfactorily resolved by the Chairs of those Committees, the Chief Executive will decide which Committee should consider it.
- 13.2 Where an Overview and Scrutiny Committee conducts a review or scrutinises a matter which also falls (whether in whole or in part) within the remit of another Overview and Scrutiny Committee, then the Committee conducting the review shall normally either:
- (a) invite the Chair of the other Committee (or his/her nominee) to attend its meetings when the matter is being reviewed, or
  - (b) consult the other Committee on its findings and recommendations, and include that Committee's comments in its own report to the Cabinet and/or Council

### **14. Public Participation in Scrutiny**

- 14.1 Residents of Thurrock Council and those working, studying or with a business interest in the area are able to participate in the scrutiny process by:
- (a) Attending meetings
  - (b) Presenting petitions
  - (c) Asking a question
  - (d) making a statement or forming a deputation to the Scrutiny Committee (see Rule 5.1.(e))
  - (e) Being involved in a scrutiny investigation; or
  - (f) Calling in a Cabinet decision (10 people need to sign a Call-In request)
- 14.2 Rules set out for Petitions and Questions in Chapter 1, Part 2, Article 3 will apply to those presenting a petition or a question to Overview and Scrutiny Committees.
- 14.3 When there is a scrutiny investigation that would benefit from public participation the Officer supporting such investigation will ensure such participation is facilitated.
- 14.4 Members of the public interested in participating in a particular scrutiny investigation can do so by contacting the Democratic Services staff or the relevant Chair directly.

### **15. Admission to and reporting of meetings**

- 15.1 The Openness of Local Government Bodies Regulations 2014, allow any person to attend and report on meetings, or those parts of meetings, that are open to the public using any communication methods, including the internet, to publish, post or otherwise share the results of their reporting activities. "Reporting" is defined in the Regulations as:

- (a) Filming, photographing or making an audio recording of proceedings at a meeting
- (b) Using any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear proceedings at a meeting as it takes place or later
- (c) Reporting or providing commentary on proceedings at a meeting, orally or in writing, so that the report or commentary is available as the meeting takes place or later to persons not present.

15.2 If, at any time during the meeting, the Chair feels that filming, recording, reporting or photography is disrupting proceedings, the provisions set out in the Council Procedure Rules at Chapter 2, Part 2 of this Constitution, namely Rules 22.4, 22.7, 23.1 and 23.2, will apply.

15.3 In any instance where the press and public have been excluded from the meeting in accordance with the provisions set out in Chapter 8 of this Constitution, the Council will not allow reporting on the meeting using methods which:

- (a) can be used without that person's presence at the meeting, and
- (b) enable persons not present at the meeting to see or hear the proceedings at the meeting as it takes place or later