

# THURROCK COUNCIL

## Annual Governance Statement 2020/21

### 1.0 Scope of responsibility

Thurrock Council is responsible for ensuring its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards and public money is safeguarded, properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. The Council also has a statutory duty to put in place arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this duty, the Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs, facilitating the effective exercise of its functions which includes arrangements for the management of risk.

A revised Local Code of Corporate Governance was developed to ensure it reflects the seven principles of the recently refreshed *CIPFA/SOLACE "Delivering Good Governance in Local Government Framework 2016 Edition"*. The seven principles are:

- Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the rule of law.
- Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement.
- Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social, and environmental benefits.
- Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes.
- Developing the entity's capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it.
- Managing risks and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management.
- Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting, and audit to deliver effective accountability.

The code has not yet been updated to reflect changes to the governance arrangements resulting from the Coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic and some updates will be required as part of the annual review in 2021/22. This statement explains how the Council has complied with the current code in 2020/21 and has met the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 in relation to the publication of a statement on internal control.

The Council's financial management arrangements conform to the governance requirements of the *CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government (2016)*.

## **2.0 The purpose of the governance framework**

The governance framework comprises the systems, processes, and culture and values, supporting the direction and control of activities of the Council. These enable it to engage with and be accountable to the community. It also supports the Council in monitoring the achievement of strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost-effective services.

The system of internal control is a significant part of this framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Council's policies, aims and objectives. It enables the evaluation of the likelihood of those risks being realised, the impact should they be realised and provides the ability to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

The Council had the governance framework described below in place for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 and up to the date of approval of the statement of accounts.

### 3.0 The Governance Framework

#### **Principle A - Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the rule of law.**

Local government organisations are accountable not only for how much they spend, but also for how they use the resources under their stewardship. This includes accountability for outputs, both positive and negative, and for the outcomes they have achieved. In addition, they have an overarching responsibility to serve the public interest in adhering to the requirements of legislation and government policies.

#### **To demonstrate its commitment to Principle A, Thurrock Council has:**

Defined and documented roles and responsibilities for Cabinet, Council, Overview and Scrutiny and all Committees of the Council, along with officer functions, with clear delegation arrangement and protocols for effective communication within the Council's Constitution. The Constitution is regularly reviewed and updated, with amendments discussed with the Constitution Working Group, General Services Committee and thereafter agreed periodically at Full Council meetings.

All decisions being made in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution and the scheme of delegation, which forms part of the Constitution. The Monitoring Officer will report to Council or to Cabinet, if it is considered any proposal, decision or omission would give rise to unlawfulness or if any decision or omission has given rise to maladministration.

Codes of Conduct which define the high ethical standards and standards of behaviour expected from elected members and officers and ensure the Council's business is conducted with fairness and integrity.

Counter – Fraud, Bribery & Corruption and Counter- Money Laundering guidance documents. These documents advise staff and suppliers of what fraud, bribery, corruption and money laundering is, how to identify and report it and how the Council will respond to any reported incidents.

Whistleblowing Policy and Procedures which were reviewed and updated in January 2019. These are available to all staff through the Council's intranet site.

Processes for considering any complaints that come into the Council. These cover member complaints which are dealt with by the Monitoring Officer and officer or service complaints which are dealt with by the Information Management team.

The Chief Finance Officer (Director of Resources and Place Delivery), the Monitoring Officer and Heads of Service are responsible for advising the executive, Council and scrutiny committees on legislative, financial and other policy considerations to achieve the Council's objectives and are responsible for implementing Councillors' decisions.

## **Principle B - Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement.**

Local government is run for the public good; organisations therefore should ensure openness in their activities. Clear, trusted channels of communication and consultation should be used to engage effectively with all groups of stakeholders.

### **To demonstrate its commitment to Principle B, Thurrock Council has:**

Meetings of the Council and its Committees which members of the public can attend unless there are good reasons for not doing so on the grounds that items are exempt under schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972. The public have the right to see the agenda and minutes once they are published and they are available on the Council's website.

Established clear channels of communication with all sections of the community and other stakeholders, ensuring accountability and encouraging open consultation. The vision and priorities were consulted upon with stakeholders and the community. They were also written taking account of the extensive feedback from residents and other members of the Thurrock community through the Fairness Commission, Local Plan engagement and via the Health and Well Being Strategy consultation, which, in themselves, had extensive consultation exercises.

The council carries out regular consultation and engagement with residents, service users and other stakeholders to identify their priorities for service improvement and gain feedback. The Council currently uses software from Bang the Table called Engagement HQ for most of its consultation and engagement activity, although some services have other formats, including housing for obtaining tenant feedback.

## **Principle C - Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social, and environmental benefits.**

The long-term nature and impact of many of local government's responsibilities mean it should define and plan outcomes and these should be sustainable. Decisions should further the Council's purpose, contribute to intended benefits and outcomes, and remain within the limits of authority and resources.

### **To demonstrate its commitment to Principle C, Thurrock Council has:**

A number of key strategic documents, including the Joint Health and Well Being Strategy and Local Plan.

A corporate priorities project list identified what the Council will do to achieve its vision and priorities in 2020/21. The plan is supported by the Corporate KPI (Key Performance Indicator) Framework which details the statistical evidence the Council will use to monitor progress and performance against those priority activities.

Service plans show how each part of the Council is delivering against the vision and priorities of the Council.

A Forward Plan for both Council and Cabinet meetings which is used to provide the required 28-day notice of such decisions and also includes decisions that are proposed to be taken over the next four months by the Leader of the Council, the Cabinet, Cabinet Members and Officers of the Council.

8 Strategic Leadership and Management Boards. The aim of these boards is to proactively contribute to the improvement of Thurrock Council by:

- identifying and prioritising changes which are most likely to lead to sustained improvements in the way that Thurrock Council operates as a corporate entity.
- making sure that changes are appropriately resourced, and effectively programme/performance managed.
- making sure that the Council has appropriate knowledge and skills in order to deliver high quality and efficient corporate services.
- making sure that changes are effectively communicated through management teams, corporate communications and other channels as appropriate.
- taking the lead to monitor and report on progress and take appropriate action where improvements are not being achieved.

The boards are decision-making bodies that are solution-focused in the way their business is conducted. Directors' Board will sign off the annual work plans and priorities and will also be responsible for resolving areas of conflict and any shortfalls in resources to deliver the plans.

A Social Values Framework that describes how the Council will consider the social, economic, environmental and equality aspects when procuring services from suppliers.

**Principle D - Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes.**

Local government achieves its intended outcomes by providing a mixture of legal, regulatory, and practical interventions. Determining the right mix of these courses of action is a critically important strategic choice that local government has to make to ensure intended outcomes are achieved. Decisions made need to be reviewed continually to ensure that achievement of outcomes is optimised.

**To demonstrate its commitment to Principle D, Thurrock Council has:**

A Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) that sets out a stable financial framework within which the Council operates and is reviewed throughout the year. It supports the Medium Term Financial Plan reported to Councillors during the budget setting process.

A corporate scorecard process which monitors the key performance indicators relating to progress against key strategic objectives within the Corporate Plan/MTFS. This is monitored by the Performance Board on a monthly basis and reported to Directors and Portfolio Holders monthly. This is then scrutinised on a quarterly basis at Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee before being presented to Cabinet.

A Local Plan (Local Development Framework) which sets out the land use policies of the Council as the Local Planning Authority.

## **Principle E - Developing the entity's capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it.**

Local government needs appropriate structures and leadership, as well as people with the right skills, appropriate qualifications and mindset, to operate efficiently and effectively and achieve their intended outcomes within the specified periods.

### **To demonstrate its commitment to Principle E, Thurrock Council has:**

Robust HR policies and procedures which include detailed guidance on the recruitment and selection process.

A mandatory induction programme, equality and diversity training and on-line information security training for new employees.

An induction programme for newly elected members and opportunities for longer serving members to update their skills. There is also mandatory training for members on equality and diversity and for those moving on to quasi-judicial committees or the Standards & Audit Committee.

A staff Performance Development Review (PDR) process which requires line managers to agree individual performance targets and identify development opportunities for their direct reports in the coming year. This is supported by a six monthly 1 to 1 meeting to check progress and a year-end annual appraisal to measure achievement, with pay progression being related to performance.

Executive and scrutiny arrangements in place consisting of a Leader/Cabinet model and Overview and Scrutiny Committees which consider specific areas of the Council's business. The scrutiny function allows a committee to question and challenge the policy and performance of the executive and promote public debate.

A management structure that includes a Chief Executive who leads a management team (Directors' Board) which includes the Corporate Director - Children's Services, Corporate Director – Resources and Place Delivery (Section 151 Officer), Corporate Director - Adults, Housing and Health, Director of HR, OD and Transformation, Director of Strategy, Engagement and Growth, Director of Environment, Highways and Counter Fraud, Interim Director of Public Health, Assistant Director – Legal (Monitoring Officer), Strategic Lead – Child in Need and Child Protection, and Chair of Leadership Group and Chief Executive's Business Manager.

## **Principle F - Managing risks and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management.**

Local government needs to ensure that the organisations and governance structures that it oversees have implemented, and can sustain, an effective performance management system that facilitates effective and efficient delivery of planned services. Risk management and internal control are important and integral parts of a performance management system and crucial to the achievement of outcomes.

### **To demonstrate its commitment to Principle F, Thurrock Council has:**

A Risk and Opportunity Management (ROM) Policy, Strategy and Framework and a Strategic/Corporate Risk and Opportunity Register which are regularly reviewed and the outcomes from the reviews reported to Standards & Audit Committee, via Directors Board and Performance Board.

Aligned the refresh of service risk/opportunity registers with the annual service planning cycle. Where risks and opportunities are identified, they are included in service plans. Service managers are responsible for the regular monitoring of progress against the service plan and the management of risks/opportunities as part of the performance review process.

6 scrutiny committees which report annually to the Council. Scrutiny committees provide constructive challenge to the executive on policies and performance. In addition, task forces have been developed to discuss the Lower Thames Crossing; Local Development Plan; Orsett Hospital, Thameside Complex and there are Governance, Constitution and Waste Management working groups.

The Corporate Director of Resources and Place Delivery is the Section 151 Officer responsible for the overall management of the financial affairs of the Council. The Corporate Director of Resources and Place Delivery is responsible for all financial systems, procedures and supporting records of the Council. Any new or amended financial systems, procedures or practices are agreed with the Corporate Director of Resources and Place Delivery before implementation.

Supported the principle of trading services with other local authorities. The Counter Fraud & Investigation Service supplies services to the Ministry of Justice and a number of other central government bodies. In addition, other services trade with other local authorities and schools including Payroll, HR, Legal and Planning.

## **Principle G - Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting, and audit to deliver effective accountability.**

Accountability is about ensuring that those making decisions and delivering services are answerable for them. Effective accountability is concerned not only with reporting on actions completed, but also ensuring that stakeholders are able to understand and respond as the organisation plans and carries out its activities in a transparent manner.

### **To demonstrate its commitment to Principle G, Thurrock Council has:**

An Internal Audit Service that provides an independent assurance function that primarily operates in accordance with best practice professional standards and guidelines. It reviews on a continuous basis, the extent to which the internal control environment supports and promotes the achievement of the Council's objectives, and contributes to the proper, economic, efficient and effective use of resources.

Internal audit reports which are presented to the Standards & Audit Committee on a quarterly basis and at the July meeting through the Chief Internal Auditor's Annual Report which gives an assurance opinion on the overall internal control, risk management and governance environments. Any individual internal audit review judged "Red" or "Red/Amber" is subject to a timely action plan and follow up audit.

A process, through the Standards & Audit Committee, for members to oversee and monitor the Council's response to the findings and recommendations of internal and external audit reports and call in officers if necessary.

Produced an Accounting Statement that includes the External Auditor's independent opinion and the Council's financial statements.

Produced an Annual Governance Statement which details the Council's system of internal control and its commitment to achieve good governance.

Published information on the Council's website in accordance with the Local Government Transparency Code 2015.

## **4.0 Review of effectiveness of the governance framework**

The Council has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control.

The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the managers within the Council who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Chief Internal Auditor's annual report and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.

The following highlights our review of our governance framework and sets out the assurances of committees, officers and external organisations.

### **IMPACT OF CORONAVIRUS COVID-19 ON GOVERNANCE**

During the latter part of March 2020, how services worked changed significantly at Thurrock Council, with the spread of Coronavirus COVID-19. This has had an inevitable impact on how the Council operates and its governance arrangements. Fortunately, the Council were already looking at ways to work smarter so much of the IT infrastructure had already been started to be put in place.

Some staff found their roles had changed to allow them to keep delivering their services whilst adhering to the rules around social distancing, people isolating etc. As a result, changes to working practices and governance arrangements have had to be modified to meet these new ways of working.

### **Impact on business as usual in the delivery of services**

The majority of staff are now working remotely with the decision being made to limit numbers able to attend the Civic Offices. The way in which staff have responded to these challenges has been impressive and resulted in most services continuing to be provided, in some cases more effectively, than previously. An Agile Working Group was set up to look at what had and had not been successful around staff working remotely. This working group consult with staff in their directorates to get their views and are developing a Smarter Working programme to determine how the Council will deliver our services more efficiently and in more innovative ways. This means considering the best place to work, how we approach our work and the equipment we use. This work is on-going.

The IT service successfully accelerated their program for the implementation of Windows 365 and Microsoft Teams to assist with these changes. This has allowed staff working remotely to continue to communicate through virtual meetings with members, managers, stakeholders, other staff and customers.

The use of electronic signatures has increased, both in terms of key documents such as COVID Grant Returns, tender documentation etc. but also in day to day operational working practices such as signing off assessments for social care packages.

Updates from the Chief Executive and HR that make staff aware of what is happening and promote personal health and wellbeing, continue to be sent to all staff on a regular basis.

### **New areas of activity as part of the national response to coronavirus and any governance issues arising**

The Council reacted swiftly to the coronavirus outbreak by setting up the Thurrock Community Coronavirus Action (TCCA) centre. This voluntary team helped to identify, and then provide services to, those vulnerable residents within the Borough who were instructed to shield. Services provided include undertaking shopping trips, wellbeing calls and medicine drops. This was a joint venture between the Council and local charity organisations.

In line with government guidance, the Council reviewed its approach to member meetings and, acting under strong advice from the Director of Public Health, the decision has been taken that all member meetings should be virtual. Through the use of Microsoft Teams, this was successful and did not have a significant impact on members' governance of the Council.

Vaccination Centres were quickly set up, in partnership with the NHS, to provide local residents with access to vaccines to combat the spread of the virus. To help facilitate access to these centres, different approaches were taken so there were drive-in and walk-in centres as well as more permanent centres at surgeries and other health settings.

The Council introduced COVID marshals to patrol high footfall commercial and retail areas of Thurrock to promote compliance with the Coronavirus Restriction Regulations. Their role is to patrol the borough to promote compliance with the COVID rules and work with the Police and council officers to undertake appropriate enforcement and reinforce the message to residents and businesses of the need to comply with the regulations to protect their own safety and that of others.

### **The funding and logistical consequences of delivering the local government response**

The Council have developed a COVID Policy Change Tracker which was initially updated on a weekly basis (now monthly) and shared with members of the Leadership Group. The tracker identifies various funding streams to assist local business.

This is supplemented through the Council's various communication channels including Business Buzz and the Council's website, where businesses and individuals can access information on what financial assistance they may be entitled to and instructions on how they can apply.

### **Assessment of the longer term disruption and consequences arising from the coronavirus pandemic.**

Whilst there has been significant investment by central government through various grants and payments to local authorities, the pandemic is likely to have a medium to long term impact on council resources. With the country moving to a four stage plan to reopen, support from central government is likely to reduce and this will have an impact on businesses and residents who have been receiving support.

Some of the longer term impacts that are likely to result as a consequence of the pandemic include increased individual debt to the Council, potentially an increase in homelessness and the knock on effect of reduced income from business rates where businesses have been unable to continue trading.

## **REVIEW OF OBJECTIVES**

During 2020/21, the Council did not have an annual Corporate Plan. This is still being developed but is still awaiting a definitive decision on the Lower Thames Crossing (LTC) which is the subject of further consultation. The LTC will have an impact on the Plan.

A new vision and priorities were adopted at Full Council on 31<sup>st</sup> January 2018. Whilst the Council did not have a Corporate Plan, it did have a Corporate Priorities Project Plan which set out the key projects being undertaken during 2020/21 to help the Council meet its vision and priorities. The MTFs addresses how the Council will meet the financial challenges in delivering the priorities and is regularly reported to members and updated on a rolling basis. The Corporate Priorities Project Plan, together with the MTFs, sets out the strategic direction of the Council and how they contribute to the delivery of the vision and priorities.

## **INSPECTIONS**

### **ADULT SERVICES**

Monthly reviews by the Care Quality Commission (CQC) have not found evidence that they need to carry out an inspection or reassess their rating at this stage for the following services provided by the Council:

- Collins House;
- Extra Care Service;
- Homecare Reablement Team; and
- Thurrock Care at Home.

Under Section 60 of The Health and Social Care Act 2008, a targeted announced inspection was carried out at Oak House to check on the infection prevention and control measures the provider has put in place. Oak House is a nine bedded service commissioned by the Council to support people with a positive COVID-19 test following discharge from hospital, before they return to their own home or care environment. The inspection took place on 20<sup>th</sup> October 2020, with the report being issued on 14<sup>th</sup> November 2020. Whilst no overall rating was given for the inspection, inspectors did receive assurance around infection prevention and control.

### **CHILDREN'S SERVICES**

A monitoring visit to Grays Convent High School was conducted under Section 8 of the Education Act 2005 (as amended) and in accordance with Ofsted's published procedures for visiting schools while routine inspections are temporarily suspended. These visits are not inspections and are not given graded judgements and the report issued on 25<sup>th</sup> November 2020 did not

highlight any significant issues. The school received a Good rating when last fully inspected.

## **LEGAL FRAMEWORK**

The Council has through the last year had to respond to the changes brought about as a result of the COVID 19 pandemic. This has included the significant impacts of the Coronavirus Act 2020, and its related legislation.

This has included managing the move to virtual and hybrid meetings for decision making and developing both the practical and constitutional framework to facilitate this. The Constitution has been under review during the year by the Monitoring Officer in conjunction with the General Services Committee and Full Council.

Legal or Monitoring Officer implications are a mandatory requirement of every report and / or motion of Council thereby informing decision makers of relevant legal comments.

A legal advisor, from the Legal Service generally attends all formal decision-making meetings.

The Assistant Director, Legal and Governance (Monitoring Officer) is a member of the Directors' Board at the Council, the frequency of this meeting has varied through the year to reflect the changing situation and response needs.

Legal advisors also regularly attend relevant boards.

The Monitoring Officer manages the investigation of any disclosures of malpractice made under the Council's Whistleblowing Policy and Procedures and monitors the implementation of recommendations arising from any investigation.

The Monitoring Officer is the Senior Responsible Officer for the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act (RIPA) and monitors both the RIPA policy and countersigns authorisations.

There are embedded review procedures for Members' and Officers' declarations of interests and declarations of gifts and hospitality, together with monitoring and reviewing Local Government Ombudsman decisions and supporting Standards & Audit Committee in its oversight function.

Legal & Democratic Services provides regular briefings and training to senior managers, legal officers and Members on new legislation and key changes in the law in a local authority context and / or matters of particular significance to the Council' work together with training events.

The Council has an Induction and Member Training programme of internal and external training events. Extensive Induction Handbooks are produced for all Members, with training for holders of key positions such as Cabinet, Chairs of committees together with mandatory annual training for planning and licensing committee Members and Overview & Scrutiny training.

The Monitoring Officer did not need to engage the formal use of their statutory powers during the year.

## **FINANCIAL FRAMEWORK**

### **BUDGET MONITORING**

Every year the Council sets a comprehensive and balanced budget, which has been shown to provide adequate resources to deliver the services of the Council.

The Council's budget planning cycle is well established. Corporate Finance complete the annual budget for consideration by Cabinet in February, before it is discussed and approved at Council later that month. The process is supported by Scrutiny Committee review of the budget between October and February each year and ongoing discussion with Members.

There is a formal budget monitoring framework in place for monitoring both revenue and capital income and expenditure. The year to date revenue position is reported to Directors Board on a monthly basis and on a quarterly basis to Cabinet.

Corporate Finance officers meet with Budget Holders regularly during the year (monthly for high risk budgets) to discuss performance against budget and actions to be taken. Corporate Finance report the position in the budget monitoring report. This highlights the key variances enabling both management and members to review and challenge the financial position throughout the year.

As appropriate this also enables resources to be realigned to ensure the overall delivery of the annual budget is managed effectively.

The Chief Finance Officer presents an outturn report to Cabinet annually reflecting the outturn position and impact on reserves.

In addition, for all committee reports for which a decision is required, a "financial implications" section is included assessing financial consequences of the decision being taken. This is verified by a member of Corporate Finance and the financial implications are considered as part of the wider budget monitoring.

### **FINANCIAL REPORTING**

The Statement of Accounts is produced annually in accordance with statutory deadlines. Currently this means the draft financial statements are required to be published by 30<sup>th</sup> July with the final audited set published by 30<sup>th</sup> September.

Corporate Finance officers keep up to date with the latest developments in accounting practice to support the preparation and presentation of the financial statements. Staff support the completion of the financial accounts by attending appropriate external training days including specific CIPFA events.

A timetable is in place to support the delivery of the financial statements and the process is managed throughout the year by the Corporate Finance team.

The Statement of Accounts and Annual Audit letter are made available to the public and are published on the Council's web site. They can be made available in accessible formats. To assist the public in understanding the accounts, an explanatory foreword is included in the Statement of Accounts. This explains their purpose and summarises the key messages arising from them. There is also a glossary of terms to aid understanding.

### CAPITAL STRATEGY (Incorporating the Treasury Management Strategy)

The Council's Capital Strategy, which the Council agrees annually, sets out the strategic framework underpinning capital expenditure and the associated financing at the Council. This also includes the Treasury Management Strategy which was previously considered in isolation up to 2018/19. It is also intrinsically linked to the Council's ambitions of becoming a more commercially focused borough; one where sensible transactions are completed which create revenue returns.

The Treasury Management Strategy ensures the Council has sufficient cash to meet its needs, returns are maximised, costs are minimised whilst the security of the Council's financial assets is maintained. The strategy has regard to the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management in Public Services and the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities, which were revised and updated in December 2017.

Cabinet take responsibility for ensuring effective scrutiny of the Capital strategy, policies and performance in accordance with the CIPFA Prudential code and CIPFA Treasury Management code.

### FINANCIAL SYSTEM

The financial reporting of the Council is underpinned by the Oracle financial system which generates all financial information required by stakeholders.

From April 2019, the Council moved to Oracle Cloud which became the Council's corporate system to provide the Human Resources, Payroll, Finance and Procurement functions.

### COMMENT ON THE ROLE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) has a number of statutory duties and powers intended to ensure that Members are acting on sound information, and are fulfilling their obligations to balance the budget and make decisions which support the long-term interests of the Council and its local community. Some of these powers are routine, others are only used in extreme circumstances.

Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 requires local authorities to make arrangements for the proper administration of their financial affairs and appoint a CFO to have responsibility for those arrangements. The Council's CFO and Section 151 Officer is the Director of Finance, Governance & Property.

Section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003 requires the S151 officer to state in the budget report their view on the robustness of estimates for the

coming year, the medium-term financial strategy, and the adequacy of proposed reserves and balances. The Council is required to take this into account when making its budget and taxation decisions.

The Section 25 statements are important. They give the CFO the opportunity to articulate their professional judgment of the authority's financial plans and direction and the risks it faces.

In commenting on the sufficiency of reserves a realistic assessment of those available needs to be set out, projected over the medium term.

All the arrangements detailed above demonstrate the Cabinet and the CFO's team exercise collective responsibility for financial matters. The CFO takes responsibility for the stewardship of the use of resources and financial accountability.

### **AUDIT (INTERNAL/EXTERNAL) AND THE HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT**

The Section 151 Officer has a responsibility to ensure an effective internal audit function is resourced and maintained. The Council's internal audit function is led by the Chief Internal Auditor.

The Council requires internal audit to provide an effective service in accordance with professional standards, and internal audit officers must abide by the Institute of Internal Auditors Code of Ethics and receive suitable training and development to maintain the appropriate skills, experience and competence. The performance of internal audit is subject to annual review through an annual report to the Standards & Audit Committee who also consider key issues from specific audit reports.

Internal audit is an independent assurance function that operates in accordance with best practice professional standards and guidelines. It reviews on a continuous basis, the extent to which the internal control environment supports and promotes the achievement of the Council's objectives, and contributes to the proper, economic, efficient and effective use of resources.

The Chief Internal Auditor's overall opinion was included in the Internal Audit Annual Report for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 and was submitted to the Standards & Audit Committee in July 2021. In 2020/21, the overall Risk Management environment was given a Green opinion which was the same as the previous year. The Internal Control and Corporate Governance environments were given an Amber/Green opinion. Again this was consistent with the previous year.

The External Auditor issued an unqualified audit opinion and unqualified value for money statement for 2019/20.

### **RISK AND OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT**

In accordance with the Risk and Opportunity Management (ROM) Policy, Strategy and Framework the Strategic/Corporate Risk and Opportunity Register was regularly reviewed during 2020/21 and the outcomes from the reviews reported to Standards & Audit Committee, via Directors Board and Performance Board.

The annual review of ROM arrangements was undertaken in 2020/21 using the ALARM/CIPFA Risk Management Benchmarking Model. This model is used to test and compare the Council's performance against the major risk management standards and the criteria that informs the risk management element of the Annual Governance Statement. The Council retained a Level 4 rating of Embedded and Integrated against the model.

The results of the review and proposals to maintain and further embed the practice across the Council were reported to the Standards & Audit Committee in March 2021.

In addition, a review of the Council's risk maturity was undertaken by the internal audit team in 2018 and resulted in a rating of Risk Managed which was in line with the annual review against the ALARM/CIPFA Model.

The challenge facing the Council is to ensure that adequate ROM arrangements remain in place and form part of the decision making process both at operational and strategic levels.

### **ANTI-FRAUD AND CORRUPTION, WHISTLEBLOWING AND MONEY LAUNDERING**

Counter – Fraud, Bribery & Corruption and Counter- Money Laundering Guidance documents were presented to the Standards & Audit Committee in November 2017 following discussion and approval through Directors Board. These documents advise staff and suppliers of what fraud, bribery, corruption and money laundering is, how to identify and report it and how the Council will respond to any reported incidents. The Council's Counter Fraud & Investigation Directorate has sole responsibility for the prevention, detection and deterrence of any fraud, bribery and corruption promoting an anti-fraud culture through a zero tolerance approach. A programme of training and awareness was rolled out across directorates and subject matter experts from the Counter Fraud & Investigation Directorate have been assigned to each Council service area.

Whistleblowing Policy and Procedures were introduced in August 2015 and reviewed and updated in January 2019. The policy is available to staff on the Council's intranet site, or through the Thurrock Council website.

### **BUSINESS CONTINUITY**

During 2020-2021, The Emergency Planning & Resilience Team were given responsibility to coordinate the Business Continuity Programme for Thurrock Council. It is important to note that business continuity is a statutory duty for local authorities under the Civil Contingencies Act 2004.

The Business Impact Analysis (BIA) process has been rolled out Council wide to identify the Council's critical (priority) services. Business Continuity Plans (BCPs) have been drafted for each of the agreed critical services. The team are currently working through an Exercise Programme to test/validate the BCPs.

There has been an accelerated roll-out of agile and smarter working practices and associated technology throughout the Council which was necessary for critical services to continue to be delivered against social distancing measures

demanding by the ongoing response to the pandemic. This has led to a reduced need for staff to access civic buildings across the board for all office based activities. Delivery of smarter working has been via cloud based systems and data back-up achieved at an alternative location for disaster recovery purposes.

### **GROUP RELATIONSHIPS**

Thurrock Regeneration Ltd (TRL) is the Council's wholly owned regeneration company. The company was set up in 2013. TRL is an investment company – building a range of property across various tenures. Its principle aim is to support the achievement of the Council's wider regeneration goals through the delivery of specific schemes which support the delivery of new quality homes of all tenures in the borough. Any profits made by the company will be used for further developments and/or to support services.

TRL is funded from loans granted via the Council, and any land considerations from the Council are sold to TRL at market value in return for shares/equity. The sale of the Council land and the agreement of the loan facility has delegated authority to the Section 151 Officer of the Council. Projects undertaken by TRL are overseen by the TRL Board which meets monthly. TRL are currently updating its governance arrangements and Board membership. The Council's General Services Committee acts as the shareholder group, discussing current and future projects and delegating communications by proxy via the Director of Resources and Place Delivery.

Thurrock Regeneration Homes Ltd is 100% owned by TRL and provides the estate management and lettings for the properties built by TRL and retained in the group. This is overseen by the board which has the same members as the TRL board. The governance arrangements are also under review.

### **STANDARDS & AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Standards & Audit Committee undertake the core functions of an audit committee by providing independent assurance the Council's financial and risk management is adequate and effective and there is a sound system of internal control that facilitates the effective exercise of its functions, including:

- keeping under review the Council's own audit standards and whether they are relevant and represent best practice.
- considering or reviewing the following and the action taken on them and advising the Council and/or the Cabinet, as appropriate:
  - (a) internal and external audit plans and progress against plans;
  - (b) summaries of external and internal audit reports and progress against recommendations made in audit reports;
  - (c) the annual report of the internal auditor and the Annual Governance Statement;
  - (d) approving the annual statement of accounts and whether appropriate accounting policies have been followed;

- (e) reports from inspection agencies, including the external auditor's Annual Audit letter and Audit Completion Report to those charged with governance;
  - (f) keeping under review the Council's control environment and anti-fraud and anti-corruption arrangements, including compliance with the Financial and Contracts Procedure Rules; and
  - (g) keeping under review the relationships between external and internal audit and other inspection agencies.
- reviewing the performance of the Council's appointed Internal Audit provider.

The Standards & Audit Committee also undertakes standards functions pursuant to the abolition of the old statutory Standards Committees by the Localism Act 2011.

The Council has also adopted a new local Code of Conduct for Members that reflects the Nolan principles, appointed three Independent Persons and established a complaint procedure for complaints against Members.

The Standards functions include:

- promoting and maintaining high standards of conduct by Members and co-opted Members of the authority;
- receiving periodic reports from the Monitoring Officer on dispensations granted / refused, complaints received against Members, complaints resolved informally, complaints resolved after an investigation and a Members Advisory Panel Hearing and assessing the operation and effectiveness of the Members' Code of Conduct;
- advising on training or arranging to train Members and co-opted Members on matters relating to the Members' Code of Conduct;
- assisting Councillors and co-opted Members to observe the Members' Code of Conduct;
- to receive referrals from the Monitoring Officer into allegations of misconduct in accordance with the Council's assessment criteria;
- advising the Council upon the contents of and requirements for codes/protocols/other procedures relating to standards of conduct throughout the Council;
- maintaining oversight of the Council's arrangements for dealing with complaints;
- informing Council and the Chief Executive of relevant issues arising from the determination of Code of Conduct complaints;
- appointment of Members' Advisory Panel (a Working Group of the Committee) to hear and make recommendations to the Monitoring Officer concerning complaints about Members and co-opted Members referred to it by the Monitoring Officer;
- on referral by the Monitoring Officer to grant dispensations after consultation with the Independent Person pursuant to S33(2) (b), (c) and (e) of the Localism Act 2011; and
- hear and determine appeals against refusal to grant dispensations by the Monitoring Officer pursuant to S33 (2) (a) and (d) of the Localism Act 2011.

The Monitoring Officer concluded no complaints during 2019/20 which passed the Council's agreed threshold criteria requiring a formal investigation and hearing or was relevant to a Members' official role and duties.

### **SCRUTINY COMMITTEES**

The Council reviews at its meeting, the Annual Report of the Scrutiny Committees which details the work of its committees and their main achievements for that municipal year. The aim of this is to improve the effectiveness of the scrutiny function. These committees continue to help develop Council policy, review performance in meeting Council objectives and satisfy themselves there are robust governance arrangements in place.

As part of the scrutiny function, the Council currently operates 6 scrutiny committees as follows:

- Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee;
- Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee;
- Health and Wellbeing Overview and Scrutiny Committee;
- Cleaner, Greener and Safer Overview and Scrutiny Committee;
- Planning, Transport, Regeneration Overview and Scrutiny Committee; and
- Housing Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

The terms of reference for the scrutiny committees are set out in the Constitution and are reviewed and agreed annually by Council.

### **EXTERNAL SOURCES OF ASSURANCE ON THE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK**

The main assurance on the Council's governance framework comes from the External Auditor through the Annual Audit Letter and Certification of Claims report. The Annual Audit Letter was reported to the Standards & Audit Committee in March 2021 and reported that:

- The Council was issued with an unmodified Audit Opinion on the 30<sup>th</sup> November 2020; and
- An unmodified Value for Money conclusion was issued on the 30<sup>th</sup> November 2020; and

It was also reported to the March 21 Standards & Audit Committee that the Housing Benefit Subsidy Claim audit was still being worked on and would be reported later in the year.

### **INFORMATION GOVERNANCE**

The Data Protection Act 2018 and the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) came into effect in May 2018 and introduced a range of new requirements regarding the processing of personal data.

The Council will always have on-going work to achieve compliance with Data Protection Legislation and work programmes will be fluid due to this. The Council has robust actions plans in place to ensure it complies with the new

Data Protection Act and this work forms part of the corporate wide information governance group work programme.

The Council has to comply with the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act (FOI) 2000 and the Environmental Information Regulations 2004, as relevant, when considering its arrangements around information governance. The Strategic Lead for Information Management provided an annual Information Governance Report to the Standards & Audit Committee in July 2021. This report covered the Council's compliance in relation to FOI and Data Protection legislation.

### **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND HOUSING OMBUDSMAN**

The Local Government and Social Care Ombudsman (LGSCO) and Housing Ombudsman's (HO) services provide a complaints handling service to make sure that local public services are accountable to the people that use them and that things are put right when they go wrong. The Strategic Lead for Information Management provides regular reports (six monthly in March and September) to the Standards & Audit Committee which gives a summarised breakdown of all complaints that were dealt with by the LGSCO/HO Ombudsman and the outcomes of their findings.

## 5.0 Significant governance issues

During 2020/21, we addressed the following issues to improve the Council's governance arrangements:

Significant Governance Issues from 2020/21				
Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer (s)	Progress
Coronavirus COVID-19 Pandemic	Governance and Management of Finances, Operations & Resources	In March 2020, on the advice of central government and medical experts, the Council moved the majority of its operations out of the Civic Offices, with those staff who could, being encouraged to work from home. To enable this to happen, the IT team had to ensure there was sufficient IT resources and access to systems and move forward the timetable for the rollout of Microsoft Teams to assist with virtual meetings. In addition, there has been significant changes to working practices for a large number of staff which has been supported by regular updates from HR. The impact on businesses has had to be addressed with the government providing emergency grants to help them through the current crisis. Vulnerable adults, children and families have also had to be identified and supported which led to the setting up of the Thurrock Coronavirus Community Action (TCCA) centre to deliver essentials, including food and medicines, to those shielding and unable to leave their premises.	Chief Executive and all Directors, Assistant Directors, Senior Management and staff.	During 2020/21, significant investment in IT software, hardware and support has allowed the Council to continue to operate effectively and efficiently. Microsoft Teams allowed meetings to be held virtually. This included meetings held by councillors (Council, Cabinet, Overview and Scrutiny Committees etc.) as well as senior management boards (Directors Board, Digital Board, People Board etc.) and operational and team meetings. TCCA continues to operate and provide services and support to vulnerable adults, children and families but this is

## Significant Governance Issues from 2020/21

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer (s)	Progress
		<p>These are just a few of the actions that have been taken but it is important that moving forward, the Council learns from the changes that the pandemic has resulted in, and identifies what worked well and what didn't. It is unlikely that the Council will fully move back to how it previously worked, with more staff being encouraged to work from home and carry out virtual meetings using the technology now available to them, so identifying improvements will benefit the Council and community in the short to long term. In addition, the Council will need to review its medium to long term financial planning, once the full impact of the pandemic has been determined. Internal audit will be involved in helping to provide challenge and assurance around the "new ways of working" to ensure the risks associated with changes to practices do not compromise controls or the community.</p>		<p>on a reduced level as restrictions are slowly lifted. The Council have set up a Smarter Working Group to look at how the lessons learned around the pandemic can be taken forward to benefit the staff and residents. This includes looking at how office space is utilised, changing working practices and improving the work/life balance for staff. This work is on-going. Internal Audit have provided advice and guidance around some of the changes introduced as a result of the pandemic including the increased use of electronic signatures to sign off on assessments, contracts etc.</p>
Internal Audit	Major Projects – Contract Governance	<p>With a number of major projects currently being undertaken within Thurrock, it is essential that contract procurement is undertaken in line with relevant laws and regulations and the governance</p>	All Directors and Assistant Directors, Corporate	<p>In March/April 2020, the Council commissioned a consultancy firm to undertake a piece of work around the</p>

## Significant Governance Issues from 2020/21

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer (s)	Progress
	& Management	<p>and contract management arrangements are robust and ensure the Council is getting value for money. During 2019/20, concerns were expressed around the management of some of these contracts at an operational level. If these contracts are not managed in line with best practice, the Council could end up having to fund any overpayments. As a result of these concerns, the Council procured the services of a consultant to look at the processes and procedures around one of these major projects and they raised a number of significant issues around the contract formation, governance and on-going management. The Council is currently looking at its whole contract management processes to develop a program to ensure any managers who are responsible for procuring and managing contracts have the necessary skills and knowledge to do so. Internal Audit will review the new project management process during 2020/21. Internal Audit will also continue to undertake ad hoc reviews of the management of existing contracts and Procurement Services will monitor on contract and off contract spend.</p>	Procurement and Chief Internal Auditor	<p>governance arrangements on one of the major projects. This work identified improvements that have been taken on board by the Council and are being utilised across other major projects. This work is on-going. A new project management process was piloted in 2020/21 within the Place directorate. Internal Audit reviewed this during the year and made recommendations which were accepted and implemented by management. It is intended that the new process will be rolled out on new projects moving forward.</p>

## Significant Governance Issues from 2020/21

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer (s)	Progress
Central Government	Local Plan	<p>The Government has legislated through the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017 the requirement for all areas to be covered by a Local Plan. Where a local authority fails to meet this requirement the Secretary of State has the power to intervene and direct the review and/or preparation of a Local Plan which depending on the circumstances, could be undertaken by another authority or jointly in partnership with surrounding authorities. In all instances the failing authority could be liable to pay the full or a proportion of the costs involved in producing the local plan.</p> <p>In addition to the threat of intervention and possible sanctions from Government (as has been seen locally and elsewhere in the country – including Castle Point), an ongoing failure to adopt a sound and deliverable Local Plan would also:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lead to a whole generation of local people being put at risk of not being able to find decent or affordable housing in the Borough;</li> <li>• Undermine efforts by the Council to boost the supply of affordable housing through a lack of viable and deliverable sites for development;</li> </ul>	Director of Place, Assistant Director of Planning, Transportation and Public Protection, Strategic Planning Officers	The requirement for a Local Plan is accepted and understood by the Council and work is on-going to develop a new plan. However, the challenges still being encountered around the Lower Thames Crossing (LTC) which would have a clear impact on any Local Plan, are continuing. Therefore, the issue of adopting a Local Plan is on-going and has been repeated for 2021/22. There is to be a further consultation on LTC during 2021/22 which it is hoped will help to clarify the position moving forward.

## Significant Governance Issues from 2020/21

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer (s)	Progress
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Undermine opportunities to support the future regeneration and renewal of existing local centres and communities;</li> <li>Prevent the provision of new community infrastructure which requires large sites including primary and secondary schools to meet existing and future needs due to the constraining nature of the Green Belt boundaries in Thurrock and a lack of suitable sites in the urban area</li> <li>Raise a serious risk that, without an adequate supply of housing to meet workers needs locally, firms could relocate or switch investment to other locations as workforce availability declines.</li> </ul>		
External and Internal Audit	Oracle Cloud	From April 2019, the Council implemented Oracle Cloud as its corporate financial, HR, Payroll and Procurement system. Utilising the Cloud allows staff to access and submit claims for overtime, expenses etc. through their own devices once they have downloaded the mobile app. However, it has been identified in a number of internal audit reviews that the process for authorising payments to staff who use the system is reliant on managers	Director of Finance, Governance & Property, Head of IT, Oracle Improvement team	An audit of duplicate payments was undertaken towards the end of 2021/22. A number of duplicate payments were identified and this was reported to the relevant budget holder. Internal Audit have now procured a data analytics package which should allow

## Significant Governance Issues from 2020/21

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer (s)	Progress
		checking details and receipts where applicable before auto approving payments. This checking is not always robust and has resulted in duplicate payments being made. As a result, further work needs to be undertaken on Oracle's reporting capability to determine if reports can be generated which would help to identify these duplicate payments. If not, other solutions need to be investigated including the use of specialist auditing software such as Auditware IDEA data analytics.		much more extensive testing on a month by month basis.
Central Government	Troubled Families Programme	A check of the Council's claims by the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) identified a number of concerns around the claims submitted under the Troubled Families Programme. As a result, the Council developed an action plan to address these concerns. This action plan was agreed by the MHCLG. Working with the service area, Internal Audit continue to provide independent verification of a sample of the claims to provide assurance around their accuracy to ensure the Council is able to evidence that the claims are correct. It is anticipated that in 2020/21, the level of checks will reduce from 20% to 10% due to better systems and assurances that can be provided by the service.	Corporate Director of Children's Services, Strategic Lead – Youth Offending Service and Prevention and Chief Internal Auditor	Checks continued throughout the year and there were no significant issues identified. The level of checking continued to be 20% but it is intended this will reduce to 10% during 2021/22.



We propose over the coming year to take steps to address the matters set out below to further enhance our governance arrangements.

<b>Significant Governance Issues for 2021/22</b>			
<b>Source</b>	<b>Issue</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Responsible Officer(s)</b>
Coronavirus COVID-19 Pandemic	Governance and Management of Finances, Operations & Resources	<p>Following the advice of central government and medical experts, in March 2020 the Council moved the majority of its operations out of the Civic Offices, with those staff who could, being encouraged to work from home. This continued during early 2020/21 and although the Government revised its advice in July 2021 to enable staff to work from the office, the Council was already looking at smarter ways of working to encourage staff to adopt a hybrid approach, with staff primarily working from home but attending the office when necessary. This work is continuing but as a result, an exercise is being carried out to declutter the office and change the layout to reflect the reduced number of staff who will be working there.</p> <p>Whilst there has been significant assistance with funding of COVID-19 costs by central government through emergency grants for businesses and residents, during 2020/21, this funding is likely to reduce during 2021/22. This could have a significant impact on a number of local businesses and residents and as a consequence, the Council may need to find additional expenditure e.g. if there is an increase in homelessness, more shops become vacant etc. This likely to affect the Council's short to medium term financial planning.</p> <p>Moving forward, it is important that the Council learns from the changes that the pandemic has brought about and identifies what worked well and what didn't. It is unlikely that the Council will fully move back to how it previously operated, so identifying improvements will benefit the Council</p>	Chief Executive and all Directors, Assistant Directors, Senior Management and staff.

## Significant Governance Issues for 2021/22

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer(s)
		<p>and community in the medium to long term. In addition, the Council will need to review its medium to long term financial planning, once the full impact of the pandemic has been determined. Internal audit will be involved in helping to provide challenge and assurance around the “new ways of working” to ensure the risks associated with changes to practices do not compromise governance, internal controls or the community.</p>	
Internal Audit	Major Projects – Contract Governance & Management	<p>Continuation from last year.</p> <p>With a number of major projects currently being undertaken within Thurrock, it is essential that contract procurement is undertaken in line with relevant laws and regulations and the governance and contract management arrangements are robust and ensure the Council is getting value for money. During 2019/20, concerns were expressed around the management of some of these contracts at an operational level. If these contracts are not managed in line with best practice, the Council could end up having to fund any overpayments. As a result of these concerns, the Council procured the services of a consultant to look at the processes and procedures around one of these major projects and they raised a number of significant issues around the contract formation, governance and on-going management. Changes have been made to the governance arrangements to reflect this but this needs to continue to be reviewed. Internal Audit will continue to undertake ad hoc reviews of the management of existing contracts and Procurement Services will monitor on contract and off contract spend.</p>	All Directors and Assistant Directors, Corporate Procurement and Chief Internal Auditor

## Significant Governance Issues for 2021/22

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer(s)
Central Government	Local Plan	<p>The requirement for a Local Plan is accepted and understood by the Council and work is on-going to develop a new plan. However, despite the challenges and uncertainties still being encountered around the Lower Thames Crossing (LTC), the Council are working towards the publication of a Regulation 18 Draft Local Plan for public consultation in 2022. This will be followed by public consultation on a revised Regulation 19 Draft Local Plan in 2023 prior to its expected submission for Examination and Adoption in 2024. It should also be noted that the timescales for producing the Local Plan will also be dependent on the timing, nature and scope of any announcements by the Government on the proposed reform of the national planning system as this could have significant implications for the plan-making process.</p>	Director of Public Realm, Assistant Director of Planning, Transport and Public Protection Public Realm, Strategic Services Lead Public Realm
CIPFA	Financial Management Code	<p>CIPFA launched a new Financial Management Code in October 2019. The Code is designed to support good practice in financial management and to assist local authorities in demonstrating their financial sustainability. The CIPFA FM Code therefore sets the standards of financial management for local authorities.</p> <p>The Code is based on a series of principles supported by specific standards and statements of practice which are considered necessary to provide the strong foundation to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Financially manage the short, medium and long term finances of a local authority;</li> <li>• manage financial resilience to meet foreseen demands on services; and</li> <li>• financially manage unexpected shocks in their financial circumstances.</li> </ul>	Corporate Director of Resources & Place Delivery, Assistant Director Finance.

## Significant Governance Issues for 2021/22

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer(s)
		<p>The Code is consistent with other successful CIPFA codes and statements in being based on principles rather than prescription. Each local authority (and those bodies designated to apply the Code) must demonstrate that the requirements of the Code are being satisfied. Demonstrating this compliance with the CIPFA FM Code is a collective responsibility of elected members, the Chief Finance Officer and their professional colleagues in the leadership team.</p> <p>The Code identified 6 Principles of Good Financial Management which are underpinned by 21 Financial Management Standards. During 21/22, the Council needs to assess how it met these Standards during 20/21 and develop an action plan to address any identified gaps in its compliance.</p>	
Risk Register	Financial Resilience and the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)	<p>Financial Resilience and the MTFS are a key area within the new CIPFA Financial Management Code. The MTFS sets out how the Council intends to achieve financial resilience over the medium term. The COVID-19 pandemic has clearly had an impact on the MTFS with increased spending required to support services in some areas and a reduction in income due to changes in working practices e.g. less car parking income as people isolating and/or working from home more. Therefore, the MTFS needs to be a live document that is constantly revisited and discussed with Members and Senior Management to ensure it evolves with the constantly changing circumstances and priorities of the Council. Internal Audit are reviewing the Council's financial resilience as part of the agreed annual plan for 2021/22. This will also cover the FM Code.</p>	Corporate Director of Resources & Place Delivery, Assistant Director Finance.

## Significant Governance Issues for 2021/22

Source	Issue	Description	Responsible Officer(s)
Internal Audit	Code of Corporate Governance	The Code of Corporate Governance was not reviewed during 2020/21. This needs to be reviewed and updated during 2021/22 to reflect the current arrangements which may have resulted in changes to governance arrangements in some areas caused by changes in working practices due to the pandemic.	Chief Executive, Corporate Director of Resources & Place Delivery, Assistant Director of Law and Governance & Monitoring Officer and Chief Internal Auditor

## **6.0 Conclusion**

We are satisfied these steps will help to enhance the governance framework and will monitor their implementation and operation as part of our next annual review.

This statement from the Leader of the Council and Chief Executive, provides reasonable assurance to all stakeholders that within Thurrock Council, processes and systems have been established which ensure decisions are properly made and scrutinised and that public money is being spent economically and effectively to ensure maximum benefit to everyone who is served by the Council.

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**Signature**

**Date: 2021**

**Lyn Carpenter, Chief Executive**

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**Signature**

**Date: 2021**

**Cllr Robert Gledhill, Leader of the Council**